# London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund

Report on the actuarial valuation at 31 March 2022

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29 March 2023 For and on behalf of Hymans Robertson LLI

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# **Executive Summary**

We have been commissioned by London Borough of Barnet (the Administering Authority) to carry out a valuation of the London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund (the Fund) as at 31 March 2022. This fulfils Regulation 62 of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013. This report is a summary of the valuation.

#### **Contribution rates**

The contribution rates for individual employers set at this valuation can be found in the <u>Rates & Adjustments certificate</u>. Table 1 shows the combined individual employer rates set at this valuation and the last valuation (31 March 2019).

Table 1: Whole fund contribution rates compared with the previous valuation

		aluation rch 2022		aluation rch 2019
Primary Rate	20.0% of pay		20.6% of pay	
Secondary Rate	2023/2024	£14,921,000	2020/2021	£11,142,000
	2024/2025	£15,896,000	2021/2022	£12,347,000
	2025/2026	£16,319,000	2022/2023	£12,721,000

• The Primary rate has reduced slightly due to an increase in the long term expected investment returns on the Fund's asset allocation.

• The Secondary rate has increased as part of the Fund's strategy to achieve full funding in the long term.

#### **Funding position**

At 31 March 2022, the past service funding position has improved from the last valuation at 31 March 2019. Table 2 shows the single reported funding position at the current and previous valuation.

Table 2: Single reported funding position at 31 March 2022 compared with 31 March 2019

Valuation Date	31 March 2022	31 March 2019
Past Service Liabilities	(£m)	(£m)
Employees	454	372
Deferred Pensioners	398	326
Pensioners	721	644
Total Liabilities	1,573	1,342
Assets	1,502	1,152
Surplus/(Deficit)	(72)	(190)
Funding Level	95%	86%

The required investment return to be 100% funded is now 4.9% pa (5.4% pa at 2019). The likelihood of the Fund's investment strategy achieving the required return is 71% (60% at 2019).

# Approach to valuation



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### Valuation Purpose

The triennial actuarial valuation is an important part of the Fund's risk management framework. Its main purpose is to ensure the Fund continues to have a contribution plan and investment strategy that will achieve the objectives set out in the Funding Strategy Statement.

We have been commissioned by London Borough of Barnet (the Administering Authority) to carry out a valuation of the London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund (the Fund) as at 31 March 2022. This fulfils Regulation 62 of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013. This report marks the culmination of the valuation process and contains its two key outcomes:



Employer contribution rates for the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026.



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The funding level of the Fund at 31 March 2022.

Further information on the valuation process, methodology and strategy is set out in the publicly available Funding Strategy Statement, Investment Strategy Statement and published papers and minutes of the Fund's Pension Fund Committee. Additional material is also contained in <u>Hymans Robertson's LGPS 2022</u> valuation toolkit<sup>1</sup>.



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# Setting employer contribution rates

Employer contributions need to be set at a level which ensures the Fund has a reasonable likelihood of having enough money to pay members' benefits. Identifying the amount of benefits that may be paid is complex as those earned today might only start being paid in 50 years' time. Over that time period, there is significant uncertainty over factors which affect the cost of benefits, eg inflation, investment returns. These uncertainties are allowed for by taking a risk-based approach to setting employer contribution rates. This approach is built around three key funding decisions set by the Fund and asset-liability modelling.

#### Key funding decisions

For each employer, the Fund determines the most appropriate choice for the following three funding decisions. Further detail is set out in the Funding Strategy Statement.



#### What is the funding target for each employer?

Will the employer remain in the Fund for the long-term or exit at some point

What is the funding time horizon? How long will the employer participate in the Fund

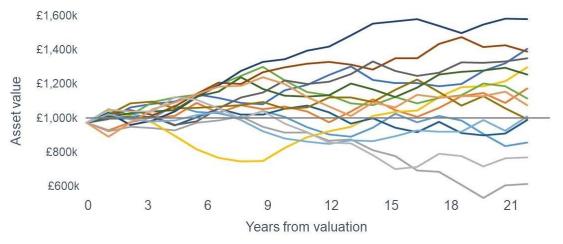
What is the required likelihood?

How much funding risk can the employer's covenant support

#### Modelling approach

Asset-liability modelling is used to project each employer's assets and benefit payments into the future using 5,000 different economic scenarios. The economic scenarios are generated using Hymans Robertson's Economic Scenario Service (ESS) (further information in <u>Appendix 2</u>).

Picture 1: sample progression of employer asset values under different economic scenarios



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### Measuring the funding level

The past service funding level is measured at the valuation. Whilst it is limited in providing insight into a funding plan, it is a useful high-level summary statistic. To measure the funding level, a market-related approach is taken to calculating both the assets and the liabilities (so they are consistent with each other).

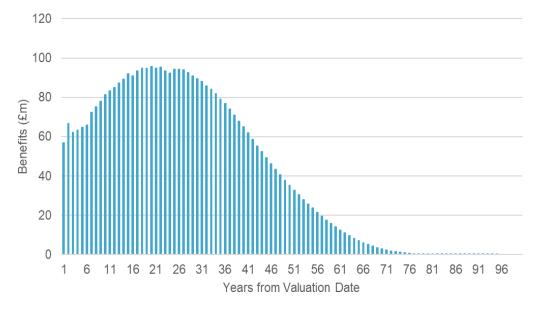
- The market value of the Fund's assets at the valuation date have been used.
- The liabilities have been valued using assumptions based on market indicators at the valuation date (these assumptions are detailed in Appendix 2).

#### Further detail on the liabilities

The liabilities are the value of all future payments to members based on all benefits earned up to the valuation date, expressed in today's money.

Chart 1 shows the projected payments for all members in the Fund at the valuation date. The projections are based on the membership data provided for the valuation (<u>Appendix 1</u>), the assumptions (<u>Appendix 2</u>) and our understanding of the LGPS benefit structure as at 31 March 2022 (details at <u>www.lgpsregs.org</u>).

To express the future payments in today's money, the projections are discounted with an assumed future investment return on the Fund's assets (the discount rate). Chart 1: projected benefit payments for all service earned up to 31 March 2022



# Valuation results



### Employer contribution rates

The primary objective of the Fund is to set employer contribution rates that will adequately cover the cost of benefits which will accrue in the future and any costs related to benefits already earned. A secondary objective is to ensure the rates are as stable as possible. The risk-based approach detailed earlier is used to meet both these objectives.

The employer contribution rate is made up of two components.

- 1. A primary rate: the level sufficient to cover all new benefits.
- 2. A secondary rate: the costs associated with sufficiently funding benefits accrued up to the valuation date.

Each employer has a contribution rate which is appropriate to their
circumstances and these can be found in the Rates & Adjustments
Certificate. Broadly speaking:

- Primary rates have increased since the last valuation due to rising inflation.
- Secondary rates have decreased due to strong investment performance since the previous valuation.

However all employers will be different and the contribution rate will reflect the membership and experiences of each employer.

Table 3 shows the total of all employer contribution rates to be paid into the Fund over the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026.

Table 3: Whole-fund contribution rate, compared with the previous valuation						
		aluation ch 2022		aluation rch 2019		
Primary Rate	20.0%	of pay	20.6%	6 of pay		
Secondary Rate	2023/2024	£14,921,000	2020/2021	£11,142,000		
	2024/2025	£15,896,000	2021/2022	£12,347,000		
	2025/2026	£16,319,000	2022/2023	£12,721,000		

The primary rate includes an allowance of 1.0% of pensionable pay for the Fund's expenses.

Employees pay a contribution to the Fund in addition to these rates. These rates are set by the LGPS Regulations. The average employee contribution rate at 31 March 2022 is 6.8% of pay (6.6% at 31 March 2019).





### Funding level

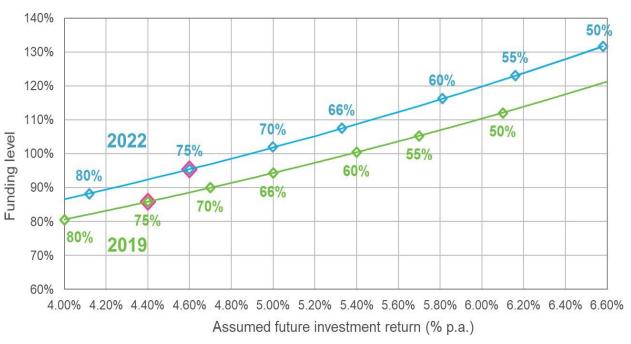
The funding level is the ratio of assets to liabilities. The market value of the assets at the valuation date are known. The value of the liabilities is uncertain given that the level of future investment returns are unknown.

Therefore, the liabilities and funding level have been calculated across a range of different investment returns (the discount rate).

To help better understand funding risk, the likelihood of the Fund's investment strategy (detailed in <u>Appendix 1</u>) achieving certain levels of return has also been calculated.

Chart 2 shows how the funding level varies with future investment return assumptions at 31 March 2022 (blue line). The green line shows the same analysis at 31 March 2019.

- The funding position at 2022 is stronger than 2019.
- The funding level is 100% if future investment returns are c.4.9% pa. The likelihood of the Fund's assets yielding at least this return is around 71%.
- The comparator at 2019 was a return of 5.4% pa which had a likelihood of 60%.
- There is a 50% likelihood of an investment return of 6.6% pa. So the best-estimate funding level is 132% at 31 March 2022 (112% at 2019).



Figures on each line show the likelihood of the Fund's assets exceeding that level of return over the next 20 years

#### Chart 2: funding level across a range of future investment returns

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### Single funding level as at 31 March 2022

Whilst the chart on the previous page provides a better understanding of the past service funding position, there is still a requirement to report a single funding level at 31 March 2022.

To report a single funding level and funding surplus/deficit for the 2022 valuation, a discount rate of 4.6% pa has been used. There is a 79% likelihood associated with a future investment return of 4.6% pa.

Table 4 details the liabilities, split by member status and the market value of assets at the valuation date. The results at the 2019 formal valuation are shown for comparison.

The funding level and surplus/deficit figures provide a high-level snapshot of the funding position of the Fund as at 31 March 2022, however there are limitations:

- The liabilities are calculated using a single set of assumptions about the future and so are very sensitive to the choice of assumptions.
- The market value of assets held by the Fund will change on a daily basis.

The future progression of the funding position is uncertain. If the financial and demographic assumptions made at this valuation actually occur, employers pay contributions in line with the R&A certificate and there are no other changes in the financial or demographic environment, we project that the funding level at the next valuation (31 March 2025) will be approximately 95%.

#### Table 4: single reported funding level

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Valuation Date	31 March 2022	31 March 2019
Past Service Liabilities	(£m)	(£m)
Employees	454	372
Deferred Pensioners	398	326
Pensioners	721	644
Total Liabilities	1,573	1,342
Assets	1,502	1,152
Surplus/(Deficit)	(72)	(190)
Funding Level	95%	86%

*Important:* the reported funding level does not directly drive the contribution rates for employers. The contribution rates consider how assets and liabilities will evolve over time in different economic scenarios and also reflect each employer's funding profile and covenant.

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### Changes since the last valuation

#### Events between 2019 and 2022

The most significant external event to occur since the last valuation has been the Covid-19 pandemic, however the experience analysis below shows that there were a lower than expected number of deaths over the period.

Other significant factors occurring which affect the funding strategy of the Fund have been the better than expected investment returns. This has had a material positive impact on the funding position and employers' secondary contribution rates.

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Table 5: analysis of financial experience between 2019 and 2022 valuations

	Expected	Actual	Difference	Impact on funding position
3 year period	13.8%	27.9%	14.1%	+£169m
Annual	4.4% pa	8.5% pa	4.1% pa	

#### Membership

Table 6: analysis of membership experience between 2019 and 2022 valuations

	Expected	Actual	Difference	Impact on funding position
Early leavers	2,083	3,799	1,716	+£0m
III-health retirements	45	43	-2	+£1m
Salary increases	3.5% pa	2.1% pa	-1.4% pa	+£9m
Benefit increases	2.3% pa	1.8% pa	-0.6% pa	+£21m
Pension ceasing	£3.6m	£3.4m	-£0.1m	-£3m

### Changes since the last valuation

#### **Future outlook**

Expectations about the future, which inform the assumptions used to value the liabilities, have changed since the last valuation. The most significant changes are:

- Future inflation: this is expected to be on average higher than at 2019 due to the current level of high inflation.
- Investment returns: due to change in the Fund's investment strategy and financial markets, future investment returns are now expected to be slightly higher than at the last valuation.

#### Table 7: summary of change in future outlook

Factor	What does it affect?	What's changed?	Impact on liabilities
Future investment returns	The rate at which future benefit payments are discounted back, ie the discount rate assumption	Future investment returns slightly higher at 2022 than at 2019. The required return is now 4.6% pa vs. 4.4% pa at 2019.	Decrease of £49m
Inflation	The rate at which pensions in payment and deferment and CARE pots increase	Significant increase in short-term future inflation expectations.	Increase of £100m
Salary increases	The rate at which future salaries increase. This affects benefits that are still linked to final salary, ie accrued before 1 April 2014	Increase in assumed level of increases given competing factors e.g. tighter budgetary conditions vs. strong job market and pressure from National Living Wage increases.	Increase of £3m
Current life expectancy	How long we expect people to live for based on today's current observed mortality rates.	Slight reduction in life expectancy based on current observed data (not allowing for Covid-related excess deaths)	Decrease of £1m
Future improvements in life expectancy	How we expect life expectancies to change (increase) in the future.	Uncertainty about effectiveness of mitigations against life expectancy increases in the LGPS i.e. State Pension Age increases and Cost Cap. Need to better reflect wider pension and insurance industry long-term expectations.	Increase of £8m

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### Reconciling the overall change in funding position

The tables below provide insight into the funding position change between 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2022. Firstly, the changes we expect to happen (Table 8), which relate mostly to items on the asset side. Then the impact of actual experience (Table 9), which mainly affects the liabilities.

#### **Expected development**

Table 8: expected development of funding position between 2019 and 2022 valuations

Change in the surplus/deficit position	Surplus / Deficit
	£m
Last valuation at 31 March 2019	(190)
Cashflows	
Employer contributions paid in	167
Employee contributions paid in	37
Other cashflows (e.g. Fund expenses)	(5)
Expected changes	
Expected investment returns	161
Interest on benefits already accrued	(183)
Accrual of new benefits	(145)
Expected position at 31 March 2022	(158)

#### Impact of actual events

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Table 9: impact of actual events on the funding position at 31 March 2022

Change in the surplus/deficit position	Surplus / Deficit
	£m
Expected position at 31 March 2022	(158)
Events between 2019 and 2022	
Salary increases greater than expected	9
Benefit increases greater than expected	21
III health retirement strain	1
Early leavers less than expected	0
Commutation less than expected	0
Pensions ceasing less than expected	(3)
McCloud remedy	(3)
Other membership experience	(45)
Higher than expected investment returns	169
Changes in future expectations	
Investment returns	49
Inflation	(100)
Salary increases	(3)
Longevity	(7)
Other demographic assumptions	(2)
Actual position at 31 March 2022	(72)

Numbers may not sum due to rounding

# Sensitivity & risk analysis



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### Sensitivity and risk analysis: assumptions

There is risk and uncertainty inherent with funding benefit payments that will be paid out many years in the future. The Fund is aware of these and has in place a risk register which is regularly reviewed. Additionally, as part of the valuation, the Fund reviews sources of risk that may impact its funding position and the contribution rates payable by employers.

This section discusses some of the most significant sources of funding risk (assumptions, regulatory, administration and governance and climate change). Further information of the Fund's approach to funding risk management, including monitoring, mitigation and management, is set out in the Funding Strategy Statement.

The valuation results depend on the actuarial assumptions made about the future. By their nature, these assumptions are uncertain which means its important to understand their sensitivity and risk levels.

#### **Contribution rates**

The risk-based approach to setting employer contribution rates mitigates the limitation of relying on one set of assumptions. Therefore, there is no need to carry out additional analysis of the sensitivity of contribution rates to changes in financial assumptions. The contribution rates are sensitive to changes in demographic assumptions. The results in this section in relation to the funding position can be broadly applied to the contribution rates.

#### Funding level Financial assumptions

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On page 10, we have already set out how the results vary with the assumed future investment return. The table below considers inflation.

Table 10: sensitivity of funding position to inflation assumption

CPI Assumption	Surplus/ (Deficit)	Funding Level
% pa	(£m)	%
2.5%	(25)	98%
2.7%	(72)	95%
2.9%	(120)	93%

#### **Demographic assumptions**

The main area of demographic risk is if people live longer than expected. The table below shows the impact of longer term longevity rates improving at a faster rate (1.75% pa vs 1.5% pa used in the results)

Table 11: sensitivity of funding position to longevity assumption

Long term rate of improvement	Surplus/ (Deficit)	Funding Level
% pa	(£m)	%
1.5%	(72)	95%
1.75%	(83)	95%

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### Sensitivity and risk analysis: other risks

#### Regulatory, Administration and Governance risks

Potential risks in this area include change in central government legislation which changes the future cost of the LGPS and failures in administration processes leading to incorrect data and inaccuracies in actuarial calculations. At this valuation, specific risks include:

- **McCloud:** the remedy to resolve the McCloud case is yet to be formalised in regulations. However, an allowance has been included for this expected benefit change at the 2022 valuation as directed by the Department of Levelling Up, Housing and Communities in their letter dated March 2022<sup>1</sup>.
- **Goodwin:** the remedy to this issue is still uncertain, it is difficult to identify who it would apply to and its impact is estimated to be very small for a LGPS fund (0.1-0.2% of liabilities). Therefore, no allowance has been made for this case at the 2022 valuation.
- **Cost Cap:** a legal challenge is ongoing in relation to the 2016 cost cap valuation and no information is known about the outcome of the 2020 cost cap valuation. At this valuation, no allowance has been made for any changes to the benefit structure that may occur as a result of a cost cap valuation.
- **GMP indexation:** it is assumed that all increases on GMPs for members reaching State Pension Age after 6 April 2016 will be paid for by LGPS employers. This is the same approach that was taken for the 2019 valuation.

#### Post valuation events

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Since 31 March 2022, there has been significant volatility in the financial markets, short-term inflation expectations and rises in interest rates by central banks. These events affect the value of the Fund's assets and liabilities.

- The Fund's investment return since 31 March 2022 is estimated to be somewhere between nil% and -5%.
- Liability valuations are likely to be lower now than at 31 March 2022 due to rises in expected future investment returns more than offsetting the higher than expected (10.1%) pension increase at April 2023.

As an open scheme, with a strong covenant, the Fund takes a long-term view when considering the funding impact of such events. For employers who have a very short time horizon, recent volatility may be more immediately impactful, and the Fund has engaged with these employers as appropriate.

No explicit allowance has been made for this volatility in the valuation results or contribution rates detailed in the Rates & Adjustments Certificate. The Fund will continue to monitor changes in the financial and demographic environment as part of its ongoing risk management approach.

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### Sensitivity and risk analysis: climate change

#### Background

Climate change is a major source of uncertainty which could affect future investment returns, inflation and life expectancies. Therefore, the Fund has explicitly explored the resilience of its funding and investment strategy to future potential climate change outcomes.

It is impossible to confidently quantify the effect of climate risk given the significant uncertainty over the impact of different possible climate outcomes. Instead, three different climate change scenarios have been considered as a stress-test (instead of trying to predict how climate change affects the funding level in the future).

All the scenarios assume that there will be a period of disruption linked either to the response to climate risk (transition risks) or the effect of it (physical risks). This disruption will lead to high volatility in financial markets, and the later the disruption, the more pronounced it will be.

Further detail on the scenarios is shown on the next page and in our guide 10 of <u>Hymans Robertson's LGPS 2022 valuation toolkit</u><sup>1</sup>

#### **Outcome of analysis**

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The Fund has set its funding and investment strategy using asset-liability modelling and considering two main risk metrics:

- · Likelihood of success the chance of being fully funded in 20 years' time
- Downside risk the average worst 5% of funding levels in 20 years' time

When exploring the potential impact of climate change, the Fund has compared how these risk metrics change under each climate change scenario (against the '*Core*' model used when setting the funding and investment strategy). The stress test results for the Fund are shown in Table 12 below.

#### Table 12: sensitivity of funding position to climate scenarios

Scenario	Likelihood of success	Downside risk
Core	83%	51%
Green Revolution	83%	50%
Delayed Transition	80%	48%
Head in the Sand	79%	47%

The results are worse in the climate scenarios. This is to be expected given that they are purposefully stress-tests and all the scenarios are bad outcomes. Whilst the risk metrics are weaker, they are not materially so and not enough to suggest that the funding and investment strategy are unduly exposed to climate change risk. The Fund will continue to monitor this risk as more information emerges and climate change modelling techniques evolve.



# Final comments



### Final comments

The Fund's valuation operates within a broader framework, and this document should be considered alongside the following:

- The Funding Strategy Statement, which in particular highlights how different types of employer in different circumstances have their contributions calculated
- The Investment Strategy Statement, which sets out the investment strategy for the Fund
- The general governance of the Fund, such as meetings of the Pension Fund Committee and Local Pensions Board, decisions delegated to officers, the Fund's business plan, etc
- The Fund's risk register

#### New employers joining the Fund

Any new employers or admission bodies joining the Fund should be referred to the Fund Actuary to assess the required level of contribution. Depending on the number of transferring members the ceding employer's rate may also need to be reviewed.

#### **Cessations and bulk transfers**

Any employer who ceases to participate in the Fund should be referred to the Fund Actuary in accordance with Regulation 64 of the LGPS regulations.

Any bulk movement of scheme members:

- involving 10 or more scheme members being transferred from or to another LGPS fund
- involving 2 or more scheme members being transferred from or to a non-LGPS pension arrangement

should be referred to the Fund Actuary to consider the impact on the Fund.

#### **Valuation frequency**

Under the LGPS regulations, the next formal valuation of the Fund is due to be carried out as at 31 March 2025 where contribution rates payable from 1 April 2026 will be set.

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Steven Scott FFA 29 March 2023 For and on behalf of Hymans Robertson LLP

Gemma Sefton FFA







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#### Membership data

A summary of the membership data provided by the Fund for the 2022 valuation is set out in Table 13. The corresponding membership data from the previous valuation is also shown for reference.

The results of the valuation are dependent on the quality of the data used. We have carried out a series of validation checks on the data supplied to us by the Administering Authority to ensure that it is fit for purpose.

#### Asset data

To check the membership data and derive employer asset values, we have used asset and accounting data and employer level cashflow data provided by the Fund.

#### Table 13: Whole fund membership data as at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2019

Whole Fund Membership Data	This Valuation 31 March 2022	Last Valuation 31 March 2019
Employee members		
Number	7,214	7,523
Total actual pay (£000)	176,616	163,108
Total accrued pension (£000)	28,972	24,927
Average age (liability weighted)	54.4	53.4
Future working lifetime (years)	6.4	8.6
Deferred pensioners (including undecideds)		
Number	13,113	12,112
Total accrued pension (£000)	23,575	19,498
Average age (liability weighted)	53.1	52.7
Pensioners and dependants		
Number	8,808	7,475
Total pensions in payment (£000)	48,660	43,277
Average age (liability weighted)	69.7	68.7

### Data

#### Investment strategy

A summary of the investment strategy allocation used for the calculation of employer contribution rates and to derive the future assumed investment return is set out in Table 14.

This information is as set out in the Fund's Investment Strategy Statement.

#### Table 14: Investment strategy used for the 2022 valuation

Asset class	Allocation
Global Equities	40.0%
Emerging Market Equities	5.0%
Property	6.0%
Private Equity	5.0%
Infrastructure Equity	8.0%
Corporate bonds	10.0%
Asset backed securities	6.0%
Private lending	13.0%
MAC	7.0%
Total	100.0%

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### Assumptions

To set and agree assumptions for the valuation, the Fund carried out in-depth analysis and review with the final set agreed by the Pension Fund Committee on 11 July 2022.

#### **Financial assumptions**

#### Setting employer contribution rates

An asset-liability model is used to set employer contributions at the 2022 valuation. This model relies on Hymans Robertson's proprietary economic model, the Economic Scenario Service (ESS). The ESS reflects the uncertainty associated with future levels of inflation and asset returns and the interactions and correlations between different asset classes and wider economic variables. In the short term (first few years), the models are fitted with current financial market expectations. Over the longer term, models are built around views of fundamental economic parameters, for example equity risk premium, credit spreads and long term inflation. The table below shows the calibration of the ESS at 31 March 2022. Further information on the assumptions used for contribution rate setting is included in the Funding Strategy Statement.

Table 15: ESS individual asset class return distributions at 31 March 2022

5755		2	Annualised total returns																		
		Cash	Index Linked Gilts (medium)	Fixed Interest Gilts (medium)	Develope d World ex UK Equity	Private Equity	Property		Infrastruct	Multi Asset Credit (sub inv grade)			(private	Corp Sho rt A	CorpMediu m A		CorpMed ium BBB	Inflation (RPI)	Inflation (CPI)	17 year real yield (CPI)	17 year yield
o si	16th %'ile	0.8%	-1.9%	-0.3% 1.1%	-0.7% 5.6%	-1.2%	-0.6%	-2.5% 5.8%	0.7%	1.7%	1.1%	1.3%	2.7%	1.4%	-0.1% 1.6%	1.3%	0.0%	2.4%	1.6%	-1.7% -0.5%	1.1%
10 year	50th %'ile 84th %'ile	1.8%	0.2%	2.4%	11,7%	9.4%	4.4% 9.5%	14.4%	11.2%	5.2%	3.6%	4.5%	9.2%	3.4%	3.2%	2.7%	1.9%	5.7%	4.9%	0.7%	4.3%
20	16th %'ile	1.0%	-1.5%	0.7%	1.5%	2.4%	1.4%	0.1%	2.6%	2.8%	1.5%	1.9%	4.3%	2.0%	1.1%	2.2%	1.3%	1.6%	1.2%	-0.7%	1.3%
20 year	50th %'ile 84th %'ile	2.4%	0.1%	1.5%	6.1% 10.8%	10.0%	5.0% 8.9%	6.3% 12.8%	6.5% 10.6%	4.4%	3.0%	3.5%	6.8% 9.2%	3.2%	2.1%	3.5%	2.5%	3.1%	2.7%	1.1%	3.2%
50	16th %'ile	1.2%	-0.3%	1.5%	3.1%	4.7%	2.6%	2.1%	3.9%	3.6%	1.8%	2.3%	5.5%	2.4%	2.0%	2.6%	2.3%	1,1%	0.9%	-0.6%	1.1%
4 s	50th %'ile	2.9%	1.2%	2.3%	6.5%	10.3%	5.5%	6.8%	7.0%	5.3%	3.5%	4.0%	7.7%	3.9%	3.1%	4.2%	3.4%	2.4%	2.2%	1.3%	3.3%
~	84th %'ile	4.9%	3.1%	3.5%	10.2%	16.1%	8.8%	11.7%	10.3%	7.1%	5.6%	6.3%	10.0%	5.8%	4.4%	6.2%	4.9%	3.9%	3.7%	3.2%	6.1%
	Volatility (Disp) (5 yr)	2%	7%	6%	19%	30%	15%	26%	15%	6%	3%	4%	10%	3%	7%	4%	7%	3%	3%		

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### Assumptions

#### Financial assumptions Calculating the funding level

The table below summarises the assumptions used to calculate the funding level at 31 March 2022, along with a comparison at the last valuation.

Table 16: Summary of assi	umptions used for measu	ring the funding level	l, compared to last valuation	n on 31 March 2019

Assumption	31 March 2022	Required for	31 March 2019
Discount rate	4.6% pa	To place a present value on all the benefits promised to scheme members at the valuation date. The Fund's assets are estimated to have a 75% likelihood of returning above the discount rate.	4.4% pa
Benefit increases/CARE revaluation	2.7% pa	To determine the size of future benefit payments.	2.3% pa
Salary increases	3.7% pa	To determine the size of future final-salary linked benefit payments.	3.0% pa

#### Allowing for the McCloud remedy

25

Allowance has been included for this expected benefit change at the 2022 valuation as directed by the Department of Levelling Up, Housing and Communities in their letter dated March 2022<sup>1</sup>. Further technical detail about this assumption is set out in guide 13 of Hymans Robertson's LGPS 2022 valuation toolkit<sup>2</sup>

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#### **APPENDIX 2**

### Assumptions

#### **Demographic assumptions**

The same demographic assumptions are used in setting contribution rates and assessing the current funding level.

#### Longevity

Table 17: Summary of longevity assumptions

	This valuation 31 March 2022	Last valuation 31 March 2019
Baseline assumption	VitaCurves based on member- level lifestyle factors	VitaCurves based on member- level lifestyle factors
	CMI 2021 model	CMI 2018 model

	Initial addition = 0.25% (both	Initial addition = 0.25% (Female),
Future	Female and Male)	0.5% (Male)
improvements	Smoothing factor = 7.0	Smoothing factor = 7.0
	1.5% pa long-term rate of	1.25% pa long-term rate of
	improvement	improvement

Further information on these assumptions can be provided upon request. Sample rates are included on the next page.

#### Other demographic assumptions

Table 18: Summary of other demographic assumptions

See sample rates in Tables 19 & 20
See sample rates in Tables 19 & 20
See sample rates in Tables 19 & 20
See sample rates in Tables 19 & 20
50% of future retirements elect to exchange pension for additional tax free cash up to HMRC limits
1.0% of members (uniformly distributed across the age, service and salary range) will choose the 50:50 option
The earliest age at which a member can retire with their benefits unreduced
A varying proportion of members are assumed to have a dependant at retirement or on earlier death. For example, at age 60 this is assumed to be 90% for males and 85% for females. The dependant of a male member is assumed to be 3 years younger than him and the dependent of a female member is assumed to be 3 years older than her.

### Assumptions

#### Sample rates for demographic assumptions

#### Males

#### Table 19: Sample rates of male demographic assumptions

Age	Salary Scale	Death Before Retirement	Withdrawals		III Health Tier 1		III Healt		
		FT & PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	
20	105	0.17	404.31	813.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
25	117	0.17	267.06	537.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
30	131	0.20	189.49	380.97	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
35	144	0.24	148.05	297.63	0.10	0.07	0.02	0.01	
40	150	0.41	119.20	239.55	0.16	0.12	0.03	0.02	
45	157	0.68	111.96	224.96	0.35	0.27	0.07	0.05	
50	162	1.09	92.29	185.23	0.90	0.68	0.23	0.17	
55	162	1.70	72.68	145.94	3.54	2.65	0.51	0.38	
60	162	3.06	64.78	130.02	6.23	4.67	0.44	0.33	
65	162	5.10	0.00	0.00	11.83	8.87	0.00	0.00	

#### Females

#### Table 20: Sample rates of female demographic assumptions

Tier 2	Age	Salary Scale	Death Before Retirement	Withdrawals		III Health Tier 1		alth Tier 1 III Health	
РТ			FT & PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
0.00	20	105	0.10	352.42	467.37	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
0.00	25	117	0.10	237.14	314.44	0.10	0.07	0.02	0.01
0.00	30	131	0.14	198.78	263.54	0.13	0.10	0.03	0.02
0.01	35	144	0.24	171.57	227.38	0.26	0.19	0.05	0.04
0.02	40	150	0.38	142.79	189.18	0.39	0.29	0.08	0.06
0.05	45	157	0.62	133.25	176.51	0.52	0.39	0.10	0.08
0.17	50	162	0.90	112.34	148.65	0.97	0.73	0.24	0.18
0.38	55	162	1.19	83.83	111.03	3.59	2.69	0.52	0.39
0.33	60	162	1.52	67.55	89.37	5.71	4.28	0.54	0.40
0.00	65	162	1.95	0.00	0.00	10.26	7.69	0.00	0.00

Figures are incidence rates per 1,000 members except salary scale. FT and PT denoted full-time and part-time members respectively.

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#### **APPENDIX 3**

# Reliances and limitations

We have been commissioned by London Borough of Barnet ("the Administering Authority") to carry out a full actuarial valuation of the London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund ("the Fund") as at 31 March 2022 as required under Regulation 62 of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 ("the Regulations").

This report is addressed to the Administering Authority. It has been prepared by us as actuaries to the Fund and is solely for the purpose of summarising the main outcomes of the 2022 actuarial valuation. It has not been prepared for any other third party or for any other purpose. We make no representation or warranties to any third party as to the accuracy or completeness of this report, no reliance should be placed on this report by any third party and we accept no responsibility or liability to any third party in respect of it.

Hymans Robertson LLP is the owner of all intellectual property rights in this report. All such rights are reserved.

This summary report is the culmination of other communications in relation to the valuation, in particular:

- Our <u>2022 valuation toolkit</u> which sets out the methodology used when reviewing funding plans
- Our paper to the Fund's Pension Committee dated 22 June 2022 which discusses the valuation assumptions
- Our initial results report dated 6 September which outlines the whole fund results and inter-valuation experience

- Our data report dated March 2023 which summarises the data used for the valuation, the approach to ensuring it is fit for purpose and any adjustments made to it during the course of the valuation
- The Funding Strategy Statement which details the approach taken to adequately fund the current and future benefits due to members

The totality of our advice complies with the Regulations as they relate to actuarial valuations.

The following Technical Actuarial Standards apply to this advice, and have been complied with where material and to a proportionate degree. They are:

- TAS100 Principles for technical actuarial work
- TAS300 Pensions

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# Glossary

Term	Explanation
50:50 option	An option for LGPS members to pay half contributions and earn half the retirement benefit (pre-retirement protection benefits are unreduced).
Asset-liability modelling	An approach to modelling and understanding risk for a pension fund. The assets and liabilities are projected forward into the future under many different future scenarios of inflation, investment returns and interest rates. The future scenarios are then analysed to understand the risk associated with a particular combination of contribution rates and investment strategy. Different combinations of contribution rates and/or investment strategies may be tested.
Baseline longevity	The rates of death (by age and sex) in a given group of people based on current observed data.
Club Vita	A firm of longevity experts we partner with for longevity analysis. They combine data from thousands of pension schemes and use it to create detailed baseline longevity assumptions at member-level, as well as insight on general longevity trends and future improvements.
Commutation	The option for members to exchange part of their annual pension for a one-off lump sum at retirement. In the LGPS, every £1 of pension exchanged gives the member £12 of lump sum. The amounts that members commute is heavily influenced by tax rules which set an upper limit on how much lump sum can be taken tax-free.
CPI inflation	The annual rate of change of the Consumer Prices Index (CPI). The CPI is the UK government's preferred measure of inflation and is the measure used to increase LGPS (and all other public sector pension scheme) benefits each year.
Deferred pensioners	A former employee who has left employment (or opted out of the pension fund) but is not yet in receipt of their benefits from the fund.
Demographic assumptions	Assumptions concerned with member and employer choices rather than macroeconomic or financial factors. For example, retirement age or promotional salary scales. Demographic assumptions typically determine the timing of benefit payments.

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# Glossary

Term	Explanation
Discount rate	A number used to place a single value on a stream of future payments, allowing for expected future investment returns.
Employee members	Members who are currently employed by employers who participate in the fund and paying contributions into the fund.
ESS	Economic Scenario Service - Hymans Robertson's proprietary economic scenario generator used to create thousands of simulations of future inflation, asset class returns and interest rates.
Funding position	<ul> <li>The extent to which the assets held by the fund at 31 March 2022 cover the accrued benefits ie the liabilities. The two measures of the funding position are:</li> <li>the funding level - the ratio of assets to liabilities; and</li> <li>the funding surplus/deficit - the difference between the asset and liabilities values.</li> </ul>
Inflation	Prices tend to increase over time, which is called inflation. Inflation is measured in different ways, using a different 'basket' of goods and mathematical formulas.
Liabilities	An employer's liability value is the single value at a given point in time of all the benefit payments expected to be made in future to all members. Benefit payments are projected using demographic and financial assumptions and the liability is calculated using a discount rate.
Longevity improvements	An assumption about how rates of death will change in future. Typically we assume that death rates will fall and life expectancies will improve over time, continuing the long-running trend.
Pensioners	A former employee who is in receipt of their benefits from the fund. This category includes eligible dependants of the former employee.

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# Glossary

Term	Explanation
Primary rate	The estimated cost of future benefits, expressed in percentage of pay terms. The primary rate will include an allowance to cover the fund's expenses.
Prudence	To be prudent means to err on the side of caution in the overall set of assumptions. We build prudence into the choice of discount rate by choosing an assumption with a prudence Level of more than 50%. All other assumptions aim to be best estimate.
Prudence Level	A percentage indicating the likelihood that a discount rate assumption will be achieved in practice, based on the ESS model. The higher the prudence level, the more prudent the discount rate is.
Secondary rate	An adjustment to the primary rate, generally to reflect costs associated with benefits that have already been earned up to the valuation date. This may be expressed as a percentage of pay and/or monetary amount.
Withdrawal	Refers to members leaving the scheme before retirement. These members retain an entitlement to an LGPS pension when they retire, but are no longer earning new benefits.

# Rates & Adjustments certificate



### Rates and Adjustments Certificate

In accordance with Regulation 62 of the LGPS regulations, we have assessed the contributions that should be paid into the London Borough of Barnet Pension Fund (the Fund) by participating employers for the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 in order to maintain the solvency of the Fund.

The method and assumptions used to calculate the contributions set out in this Rates and Adjustments certificate are detailed in the Funding Strategy Statement dated March 2023 and in Appendix 2 of the report on the actuarial valuation dated 29 March 2023. These assumptions underpin our estimate of the number of members who will become entitled to a payment of pensions under the provisions of the LGPS and the amount of liabilities arising in respect of such members.

The table below summarises the whole fund primary and secondary contribution rates for the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026. The primary rate is the payroll weighted average of the underlying individual employer primary rates and the secondary rate is the total of the underlying individual employer secondary rates, calculated in accordance with the LGPS regulations and CIPFA guidance. The secondary rate has been shown both as a monetary amount and an equivalent percentage of the projected pensionable pay.

		This valuation 31 March 2022	
Primary rate		20.0% of pay	
Secondary rate		Monetary amount	Equivalent to % of payroll
	2023/24	£14,921,000	7.8%
	2024/25	£15,896,000	8.1%
	2025/26	£16,319,000	8.0%

The required minimum contribution rates for each employer in the Fund are set out in the remainder of this certificate.

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Employ	Employer name		Primary rate	Secondary rate (	% of pay plus mon	etary amount)	Total contribution	ons (primary rate plus	secondary rate)	Notes
er code		(	(% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	
Schedu	led Bodies									
	London Borough of Barnet		19.1%	9.3%	9.3%	9.3%	28.4%	28.4%	28.4%	
	Barnet Homes		19.4%	£636,000	£660,000	£684,000	19.4% plus £636,000	19.4% plus £660,000	19.4% plus £684,000	
60	Your Choice Barnet		20.2%	£17,000	£18,000	£19,000	20.2% plus £17,000	20.2% plus £18,000	20.2% plus £19,000	
Higher a	and Further education esta	blishments								
	Barnet and Southgate Col	lege	21.1%	£371,000	£385,000	£399,000	21.1% plus £371,000	21.1% plus £385,000	21.1% plus £399,000	
	Middlesex University		23.1%	£606,525 less 2.4% over the period from 1 April 2023 to 31 July 2023 £1,700,000 over the period from 1 August 2023 to 31 March 2024	£2,550,000	£2,550,000	20.7% plus £606,525 over the period from 1 April 2023 to 31 July 2023 23.1% plus £1,700,000 over the period from 1 August 2023 to 31 March 2024	5 23.1% plus £2,550,000 23.1% plus £2,550,000		
Academ	ies									
	Claremont Primary		19.7%	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
	Henrietta Barnet School		18.6%	5.2%	5.2%	5.2%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
	Queen Elizabeth Girls Sch	lool	20.3%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
	The Totteridge Academy		19.7%	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
12	Woodhouse College		20.1%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	

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Employ	yer Employer na	ame	Primary rate	Secondary rate	(% of pay plus monetal	ry amount)		s (primary rate plus sec	ondary rate)	Notes
code			(% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	
2	Hendon Schoo	I	19.5%	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
5	Queen Elizabe	th Boys School	19.3%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
8	Mill Hill County	High	20.0%	3.8%	3.8%	3.8%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
17	Ashmole Acad	emy	19.3%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
21	Hasmonean M	AT	20.1%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
38	London Acade	my	18.3%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
42	Wren Academy	/	18.8%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	21.0%	21.0%	21.0%	
47			19.5%	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
48	Middlesex Lea School	rning Trust – The Compton	20.1%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
49	East Barnet Sc	hool	20.1%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
52	Independent Je	ewish Day School	19.3%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
55	Christs College	9	19.9%	3.9%	3.9%	3.9%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
56	ETZ Chaim Je	wish Primary	19.1%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
69	Grasvenor Ave	enue School	21.4%	2.4%	2.4%	2.4%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
70	Copthall Schoo	bl	19.3%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	22.8%	22.8%	22.8%	
71	Rimon Jewish	Primary School	18.5%	3.3%	3.3%	3.3%	21.8%	21.8%	21.8%	
73	Deansbrook Ju	nior School	21.4%	2.4%	2.4%	2.4%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
75	Alma Primary		20.1%	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%	22.9%	22.9%	22.9%	
76	St Andrew the	Apostle School	19.7%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	23.4%	23.4%	23.4%	
77	Archer Acaden	лу	20.2%	3.6%	3.6%	3.6%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	

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Employer	Employer nam	e	Primary rate	Secondary rate	e (% of pay plus moneta	ry amount)	Total contributi	ons (primary rate plus	secondary rate)	Notes
code			(% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	
78	Broadfields Acad	emy	19.4%	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
82	Hyde School		19.3%	4.5%	4.5%	4.5%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
83	Parkfield School		20.5%	3.3%	3.3%	3.3%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
86	Oak Lodge Schoo		19.7%	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
99	Alternative Provis School)	sion Barnet Trust (Oak Hill	19.9%	3.9%	3.9%	3.9%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
101	Saracens High S	chool	18.4%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	23.7%	23.7%	23.7%	
102	Summerside Prin	nary Academy	20.1%	3.7%	3.7%	3.7%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
111	Sacks Morasha J	ewish Primary School	21.5%	2.3%	2.3%	2.3%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
116	Kisharon Academ	лу	18.5%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
118	Ark Pioneer Acac	lemy	19.8%	4.0%	4.0%	4.0%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
120	Childs Hill Primar	У	19.5%	4.3%	4.3%	4.3%	23.8%	23.8%	23.8%	
160	Bishop Douglass	Academy	19.2%	6.0%	7.4%	8.8%	25.2%	26.6%	28.0%	
Admitted	Bodies									
	Barnet Education (BELS)	and Learning Service	20.4%	£87,000	£90,000	£94,000	20.4% plus £87,000	20.4% plus £90,000	20.4% plus £94,000	
28	Greenwich Leisu	re Ltd	28.4%	-1.6%	-1.6%	-1.6%	26.8%	26.8%	26.8%	
62	NSL Ltd		25.5%	£3,000	£3,000	£3,000	25.5% plus £3,000	25.5% plus £3,000	25.5% plus £3,000	
72	Barnet Education	al Arts Trust (BEAT)	23.4%	£3,000	£3,000	£3,000	23.4% plus £3,000	23.4% plus £3,000	23.4% plus £3,000	
85	Capita CSG		21.4%	£497,000	£515,000	£534,000	21.4% plus £497,000	21.4% plus £515,000	21.4% plus £534,000	

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Employer	Employer na	me	Primary rate	Secondary rate	e (% of pay plus monetar	y amount)	Total contributi	ons (primary rate plus s	secondary rate)	Notes
code			(% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	
92	ISS		27.7%	-2.4%	-2.4%	-2.4%	25.3%	25.3%	25.3%	
103	Olive Dining (Ar	cher Academy)	28.4%	-2.3%	-2.3%	-2.3%	26.1%	26.1%	26.1%	
104	Olive Dining (St	Joseph's Primary)	28.3%				28.3%	28.3%	28.3%	
105	Caterlink (The C	Compton School)	29.3%				29.3%	29.3%	29.3%	
107	HCL Catering -	Copthall School	27.0%				27.0%	27.0%	27.0%	
122	Innovate (St Jar	mes' Catholic Primary)	22.7%				22.7%	22.7%	22.7%	
146	Sancroft Comm	unity Care Limited	28.9%				28.9%	28.9%	28.9%	
150	Innovate (Bless	ed Dominic School)	31.5%				31.5%	31.5%	31.5%	
158	Tarmac Kier JV		28.1%	£16,000	£16,000	£16,000	28.1% plus £16,000	28.1% plus £16,000	28.1% plus £16,000	
163	Tenon (St Micha	aels)	30.2%				30.2%	30.2%	30.2%	
176	Capita SSL		21.3%				21.3%	21.3%	21.3%	

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VALUATION RESULTS SENSITIVITY & RISK ANALYSIS FINAL A

APPENDICES ADJUSTMENTS CERTIFICATE

RATES &

SECTION 13 DASHBOARD

### Further comments to the Rates and Adjustments Certificate

- Contributions expressed as a percentage of payroll should be paid into the Fund at a frequency in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations
- Further sums should be paid to the Fund to meet the costs of any early retirements and/or augmentations using methods and factors issued by us from time to time or as otherwise agreed.
- Payments may be required to be made to the Fund by employers to meet the capital costs of any ill-health retirements that exceed those allowed for within our assumptions.
- The certified contribution rates represent the minimum level of contributions to be paid. Employing authorities may pay further amounts at any time and future periodic contributions may be adjusted on a basis approved by the Fund Actuary.
- The monetary contributions set out in the certificate above can be prepaid in advance with appropriate adjustments for interest as and when agreed with the Administering Authority. Under these circumstances a revised Rates and Adjustments certificate may be issued reflecting any advance payments.

Steven Sett

Steven Scott FFA

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RÓBERTSON

29 March 2023 For and on behalf of Hymans Robertson LLP Gemma Sefton FFA



# Section 13 Dashboard



HYMANS 🗱 ROBERTSON	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	APPROACH TO VALUATION	VALUATION RESULTS	SENSITIVITY & RISK ANALYSIS	FINAL COMMENTS	APPENDICES	RATES & ADJUSTMENTS CERTIFICATE	SECTION 13 DASHBOARD

Metric	Unit	2022 valuation
2022 funding position – local funding basis		
Funding level (assets/liabilities)	%	95%
Funding level (change since previous valuation)	%	9% increase
Asset value used at the valuation	£m	£1,502
Value of liabilities (including McCloud liability)	£m	£1,573
Surplus (deficit)	£m	(£72)
Discount rate – past service	% pa	4.6%
Discount rate – future service	% pa	Past service and future service are consistently valued with the same underlying assumptions, methodologies and models regarding future expected levels of inflation, interest rates and investment returns.
Assumed pension increase (CPI)	% pa	2.7%
Method of derivation of discount rate, plus any changes since previous valuation		There is a 75% likelihood that the Fund's assets will return at least 4.6% pa over the 20 years following the 2022 valuation date. This is the same methodology and likelihood used for the 2019 valuation.

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HYMANS 🗱 ROBERTSON	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	APPROACH TO VALUATION	VALUATION RESULTS	SENSITIVITY & RISK ANALYSIS	FINAL COMMENTS	APPENDICES	RATES & ADJUSTMENTS CERTIFICATE	SECTION 13 DASHBOARD

Metric	Unit	2022 valuation
Assumed life expectancy at age 65		
Life expectancy for current pensioners – men age 65	years	21.9
Life expectancy for current pensioners – women age 65	years	24.7
Life expectancy for future pensioners – men age 45	years	23.1
Life expectancy for future pensioners – women age 45	years	26.2
Past service funding position – SAB basis (for comparison purposes only)		
Market value of assets	£m	£1,502
Value of liabilities	£m	£1,530
Funding level on SAB basis (assets/liabilities)	%	98%
Funding level on SAB basis (change since last valuation)	%	8% increase

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Metric	Unit	2022 valuation	2019 valuation
Contribution rates payable			
Primary contribution rate	% of pay	20.0%	20.6%
Secondary contribution rate (cash amounts in each year in line with CIPFA guidance)			
1 <sup>st</sup> year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	£14.921	£11.142
2 <sup>nd</sup> year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	£15.896	£12.347
3 <sup>rd</sup> year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	£16.319	£12.721
Giving total expected contributions			
1 <sup>st</sup> year of rates and adjustments certificate (£ figure based on assumed payroll)	£m	£53.035	£46.708
2 <sup>nd</sup> year of rates and adjustments certificate (£ figure based on assumed payroll)	£m	£55.353	£48.993
3 <sup>rd</sup> year of rates and adjustments certificate (£ figure based on assumed payroll)	£m	£57.336	£50.480
Assumed payroll (cash amounts in each year)			
1 <sup>st</sup> year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	£190.103	£172.368
2 <sup>nd</sup> year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	£197.207	£177.604
3 <sup>rd</sup> year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	£204.577	£183.999
3 year average total employer contribution rate	% of pay	28.0%	27.4%
Average employee contribution	% of pay	6.8%	6.6%
Employee contribution rate (£ figure based on assumed payroll of £190m)	£m pa	£12.870	£11.433

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HYMANS 🗱 ROBERTSON	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	APPROACH TO VALUATION	VALUATION RESULTS	SENSITIVITY & RISK ANALYSIS	FINAL COMMENTS	APPENDICES	RATES & ADJUSTMENTS CERTIFICATE	SECTION 13 DASHBOARD

Metric	Unit	2022 valuation	2019 valuation
Deficit recovery and surplus spreading plan			
Latest deficit recovery period end date, where this methodology is used by the fund's actuarial advisor	Year	Methodology not used	Methodology not used
Earliest surplus spreading period end date, where this methodology is used by the fund's actuarial advisor	Year	Methodology not used	Methodology not used
The time horizon end date, where this methodology is used by the fund's actuarial advisor	Year	2039	2039
The funding plan's likelihood of success, where this methodology is used by the fund's actuarial advisor	%	70%	70%
Percentage of liabilities relating to employers with deficit recovery periods of longer than 20 years	%	0%	0%
Additional information			
Percentage of total liabilities that are in respect of Tier 3 employers	%	27%	
Included climate change analysis/comments in the 2022 valuation report		Yes	
Value of McCloud liability in the 2022 valuation report (on local funding basis)	£m	3.0	